## Class Exercise—Building a 3-bit Lookahead Adder

## 10/26/15

Recall: The i-th binary adder has inputs  $x_i, y_i, c_i$ 

For i>1, instead of waiting for  $c_i$  to propagate, we would like to compute it ahead of time. We have the following formulas:

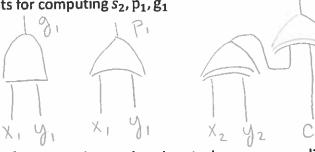
$$g_i = x_i y_i$$

$$p_i = x_i + y_i$$

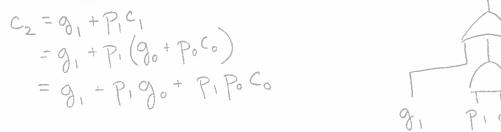
$$c_{i+1} = g_i + p_i c_i$$

Finally,  $s_i = c_i \oplus x_i \oplus y_i$ 

1. Draw the circuits for computing  $s_2$ ,  $p_1$ ,  $g_1$ 



2. Draw the circuit for computing  $c_2$  given input wires corresponding to  $p_0, g_0, p_1, g_1, c_0$ .



3. Draw the circuit diagram for the 3-bit lookahead adder by combining 1 and 2 and the 2-bit lookahead adder (you can add on to your diagram from the previous page).

4. How many time steps does it take to compute the final 4-bit sum?

4 { 1 time unit to compute Po, go, Pi, gi 2 time units to compute C, C2 C3 1 time unit to propagate C, C2 to final outputs S2 S1 Solutions

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We have the following formulas:

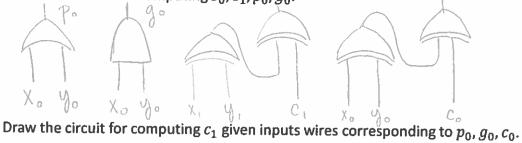
$$g_i = x_i y_i$$

$$p_i = x_i + y_i$$

$$c_{i+1} = g_i + p_i c_i$$

Finally,  $s_i = c_i \oplus x_i \oplus y_i$ 

Draw the circuits for computing  $s_0$ ,  $s_1$ ,  $p_0$ ,  $g_0$ . 1.



2.



Draw the circuit diagram for the 2-bit lookahead adder by combining 1 and 2. 3.

