## Cryptography ENEE/CMSC/MATH 456: Homework 8

## Due by 2pm on 5/4/2020.

1. The public exponent e in RSA can be chosen arbitrarily, subject to  $gcd(e, \phi(N)) = 1$ . Popular choices of e include e = 3 and  $e = 2^{16} + 1$ . Explain why such e are preferable to a random value of the same length.

Hint: Look at the algorithm for modular exponentiation given in the lecture notes.

- 2. Prove formally that the hardness of the CDH problem relative to G implies the hardness of the discrete logarithm problem relative to G.
- 3. Determine the points on the elliptic curve  $E: y^2 = x^3 + 2x + 1$  over  $Z_{11}$ . How many points are on this curve?
- 4. Can the following problem be solved in polynomial time? Given a prime p, a value  $x \in Z_{p-1}^*$  and  $y := g^x \mod p$  (where g is a uniform value in  $Z_p^*$ ), find g, i.e., compute  $y^{1/x} \mod p$ . If your answer is "yes," give a polynomial-time algorithm. If your answer is "no," show a reduction to one of the assumptions introduced in this chapter.