

Query Based UML Modeling

Validation and Verification of the System Model and Behavior for a Hydraulic Crane

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ENPM 643

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Systems Engineering Process for a Hydraulic Crane

- Link Belt ATC 3200
- Requirements
- Systems Structure
- System Behavior
- Constraints
- System Allocation
- Verification

UML Query Tool

- Validation
- Query Modeling



Five Operational Phases of a Crane

- Pre-Start Initiation
- Handling and Attaching the Load
- Lifting the Load
- Maneuvering the Load
- Ending Lifting

Nominal and Off-Nominal Use Cases in UML *

- Nominal: positive use cases
- Of-Nominal: negative use cases

^{*} Reference – Uchitel Implied-Scenario



Constraints and Assumptions

- Crane Type: Only all-terrain mobile cranes are considered for this

report.

- Risk: Only safety-related risks are evaluated and

analyzed for the failure analysis.

- Operation: Only stationary crane operations are considered for

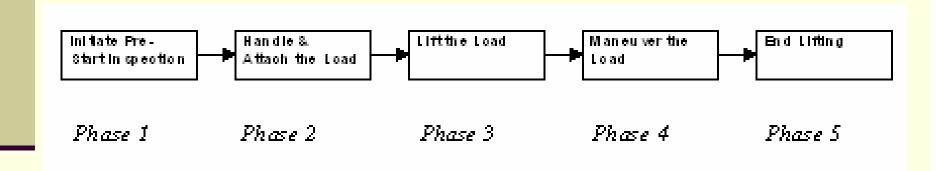
this report.

- Analysis: The level of analysis for this case study is

constrained at the operational level.

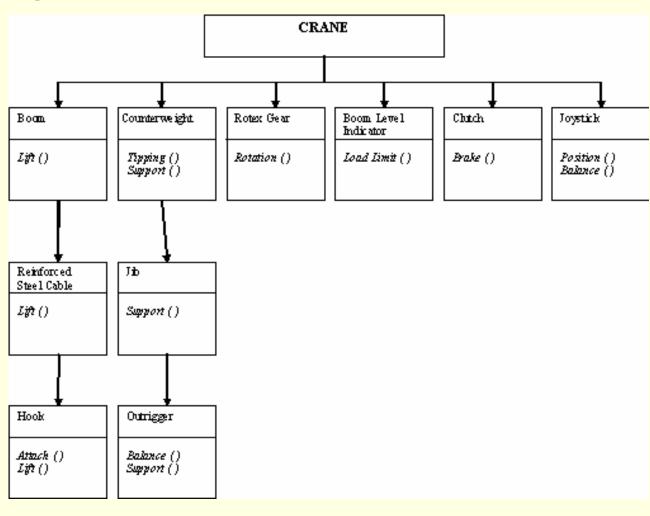


Operational Sequence





Class Diagram





Inheritance Diagram

CRANE MAIN SYSTEM

ATTRIBUTES

Boom Length Hook Strength

Counterweight Clutch Integrity

Rotex Gear Strength Joystick Movement

Jib Length

Outrigger Integrity

Boom Level Indicator Integrity

Cable Strength

FUNCTIONS

Pre-Start Initiation

Handle and Attach

Lift

Maneuver

End Lift

CRANE SUBSYSTEM

ATTRIBUTES

Guard Integrity Drum Integrity

Turntable Movement Motion Control Movement

Tire Pressure Hydraulic Pump Pressure

Hydraulic Cylinder Leakage

Hydraulic Filter Integrity

FUNCTIONS

Pre-Start Initiation

Handle and Attach

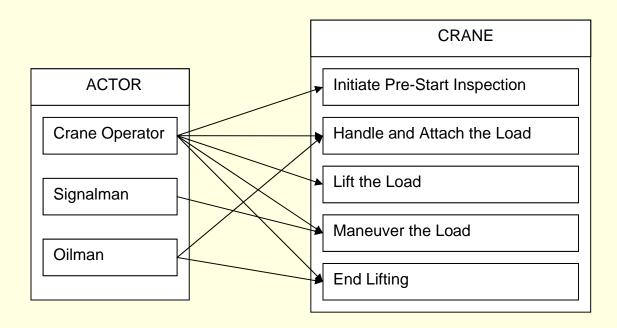
Lift

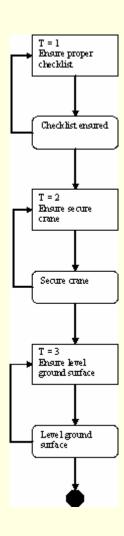
Maneuver

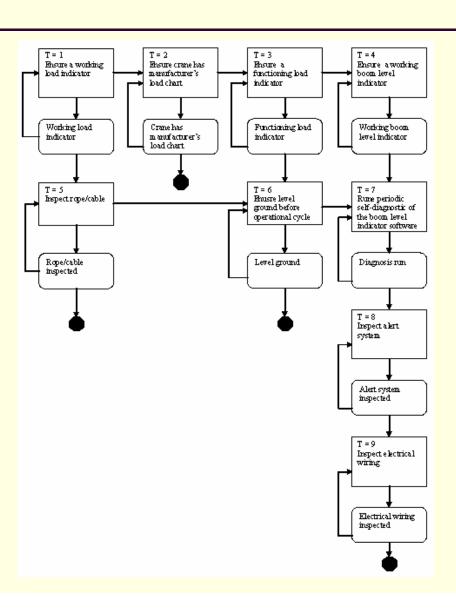
End Lift

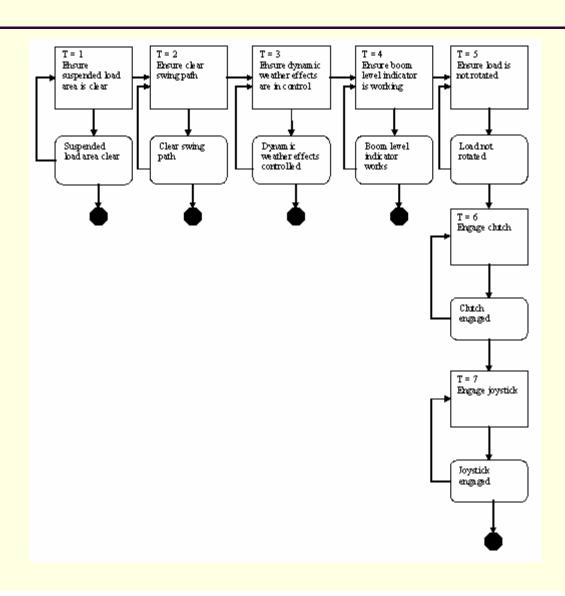


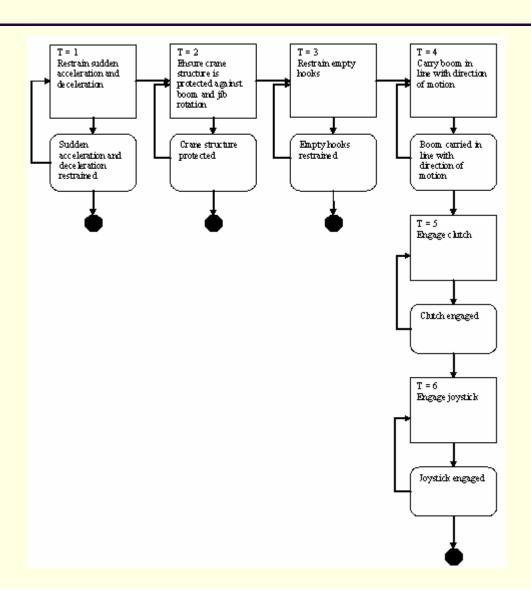
Initial Use Case Diagram

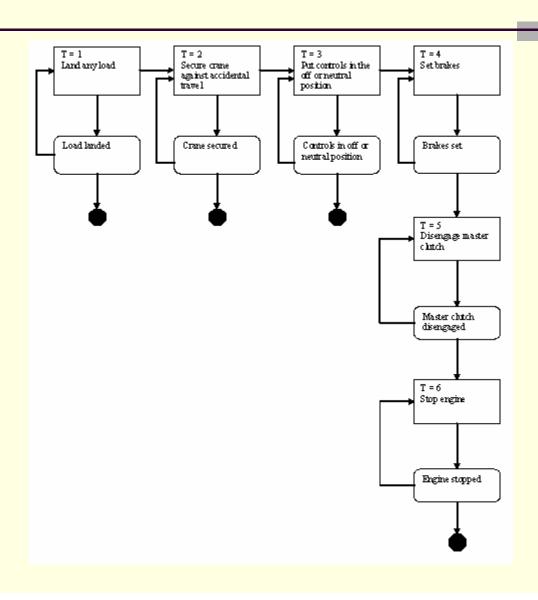












Off-Nominal Use Case Scenario

FMEA Analysis

- Cause and Effect Hazard Analysis
- Positive and Negative Use Cases
- Allocation of Negative to Positive Use Cases

Benefits

- Robustness in Design
- Pinpoint Design Flaws
- Error Proof

Requirements

Requirements based on Manufacturers Operational and Design Specifications

Operational Requirements used to create Main and Derived requirements

Requirements Verification Matrix used to verify design meets requirements specifications

Requirements Constraint and Analysis analyzes extent and implementation of requirements

Query Modeling and Validation

UQLAT – UML Query and Link Analysis Tool

- Queries and dynamically links block elements of UML diagram
- Currently limited to Activity diagrams

Data Structure

Block Element data structure as an element into processing algorithm

- Block ID

- Input

- Name

- Output

- Level

- NOI

- Phase

- NOO

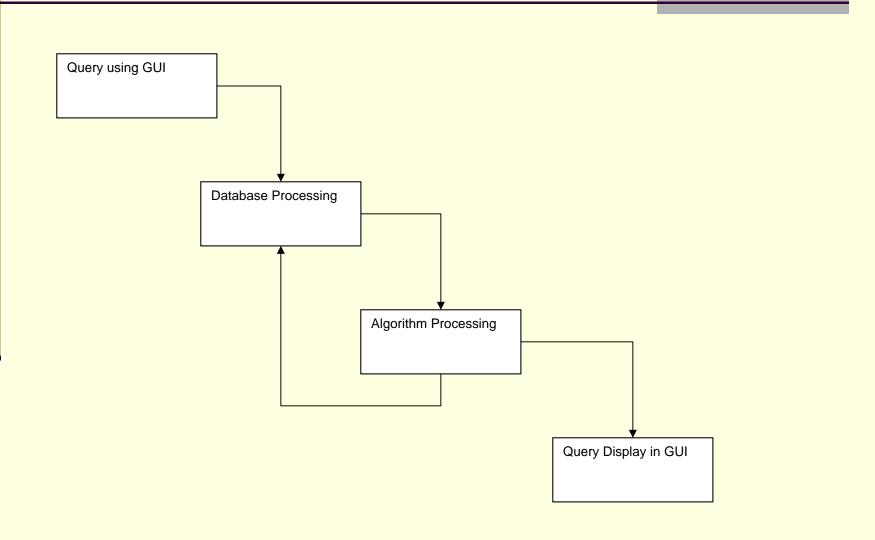
- Time Element

- Recursive

- Action/State

- Pointer

Query Event Sequence



Query Types

Query any one element within one phase

Query one element independently across many phases simultaneously

Query all the inputs from any one element within one phase

Query all the outputs from any one element within one phase

Query the link between any one element and other elements within one phase

Query the level of any element within any phase

Query Initiation Form

QTAL Query Initiation Form			@ <i>IDS</i> - 2006
Program ID: HC 2671 - UQTAL QIF	Hydraulic Crane UML		User ID: DM athew
Query Mode: AC 1 - Activity Diagram	Status: UNCLAS	Date: 12-04-06	Type: ORDAT 2
Search Name Box: xxxxxxxxxxxx		Input:	d
Level:		Output:	d
Phase:		NOI:	
Time Element:		NOO:	1
Action/State:		Recursive:	
		Pointer: xxxxxxxxx	xxxx 🔻
PREVIEW	QUERY?	SAVE	

Query Results Form

